

University of California  
Berkeley

College of Engineering  
Department of Electrical Engineering  
and Computer Sciences

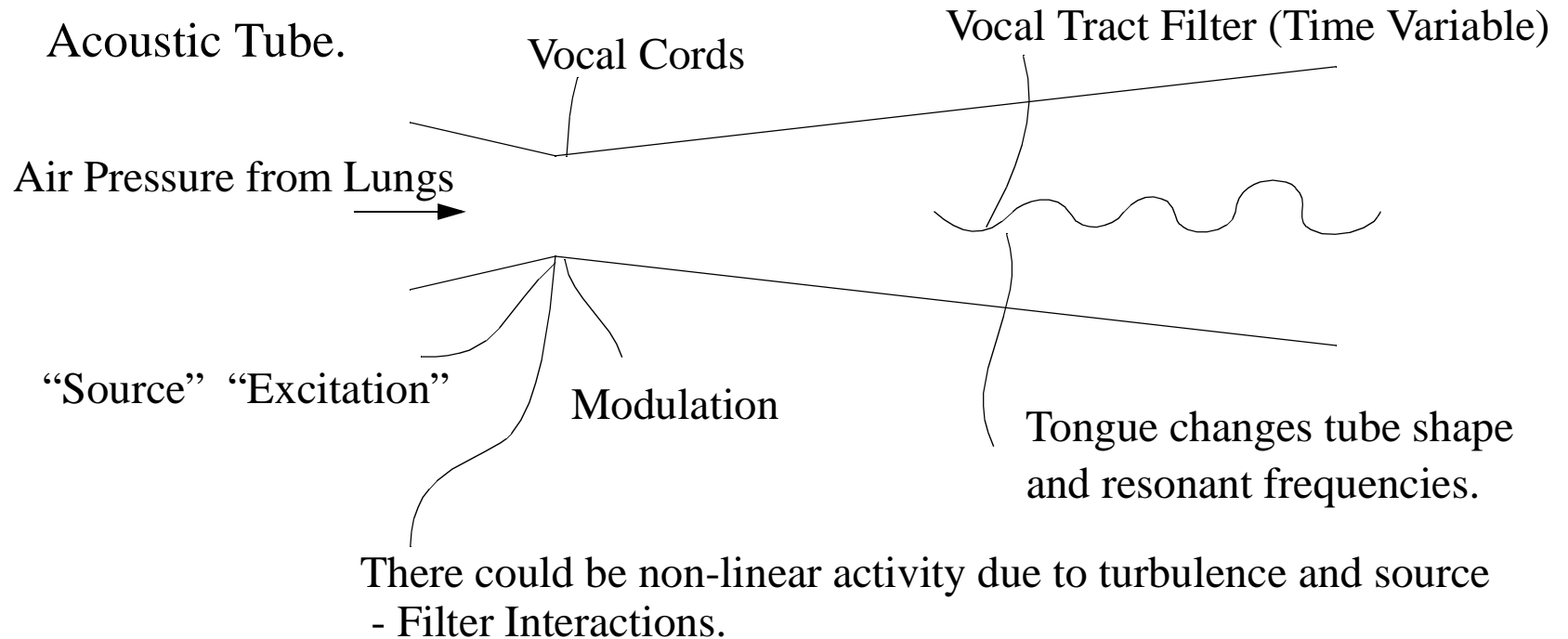
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EE225D

Spring, 1999

Synthetic Audio

## Lecture 2

## a) Black Board



b) Trumpet has more or less the same model (- excitation) is created by lip vibration that produce pressure waves (- acoustic).

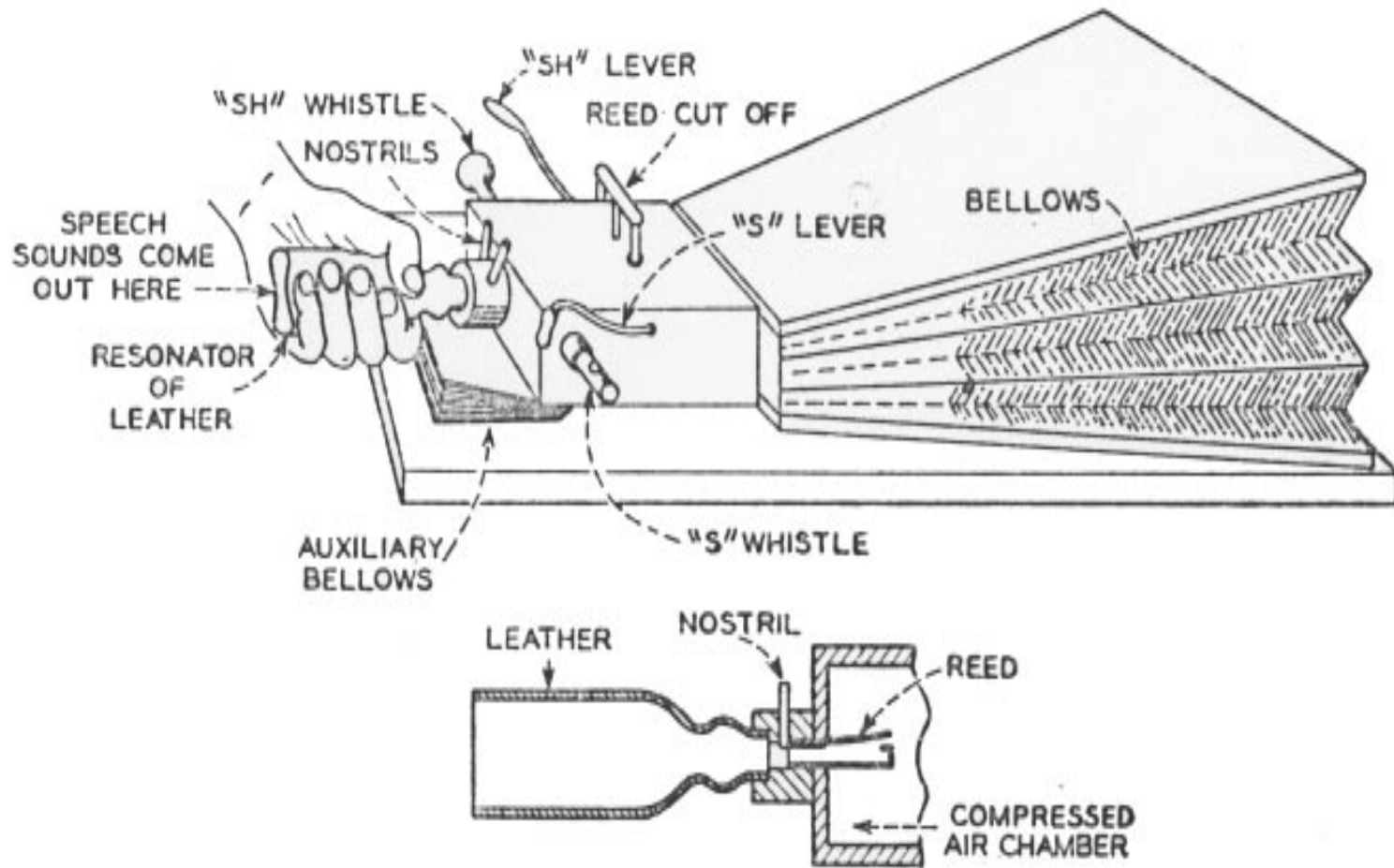


Figure 2.1 : Wheatstone Speaking Machine (after Von Kempelen)

**Important Features** on Wheatstone Speaking Machine (after Von Kempelen).

1. Vibrating Reed to Simulate Vocal cords.
2. Nasal Passage.
3. Bellows for producing pressure.
4. Leather “Vocal Tract”

**Question :** How is “ S ” or “ Sh ” produced?

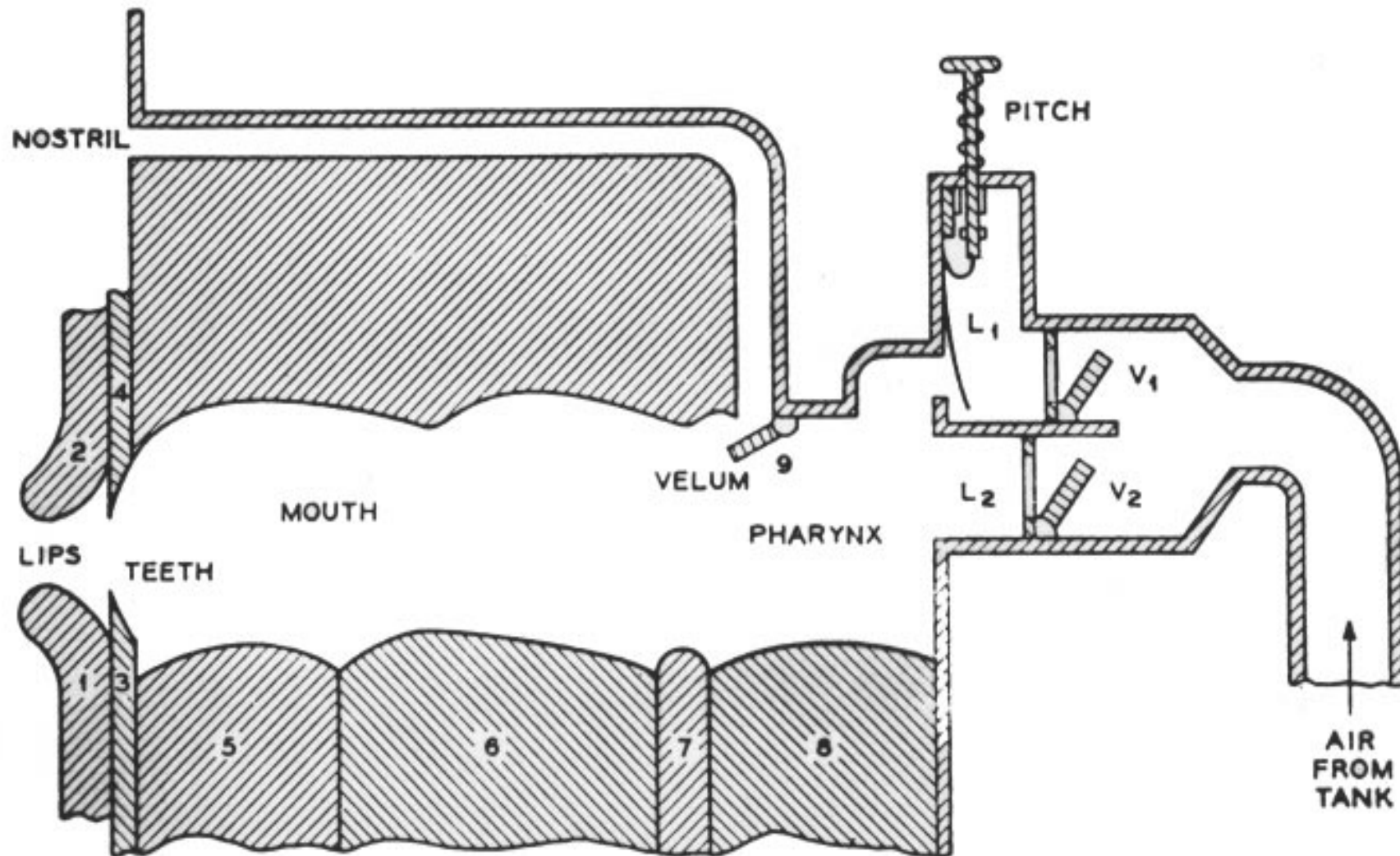


Figure 2.2 : Riesz's Speaking Machine

**Important Points :**

- a) First Electronic Synthesizer
- b) Long Period of Operator Training
- c) Filter Bank to Emulate Vocal Tract
- d) Relation to Human Voice Production

**Figure 2.4 : Sketch of the Voder.**

- a) V-UV explicit
- b) Pitch controlled by pedal.
- c) 10 Filters
- d) Special keys for consonants.

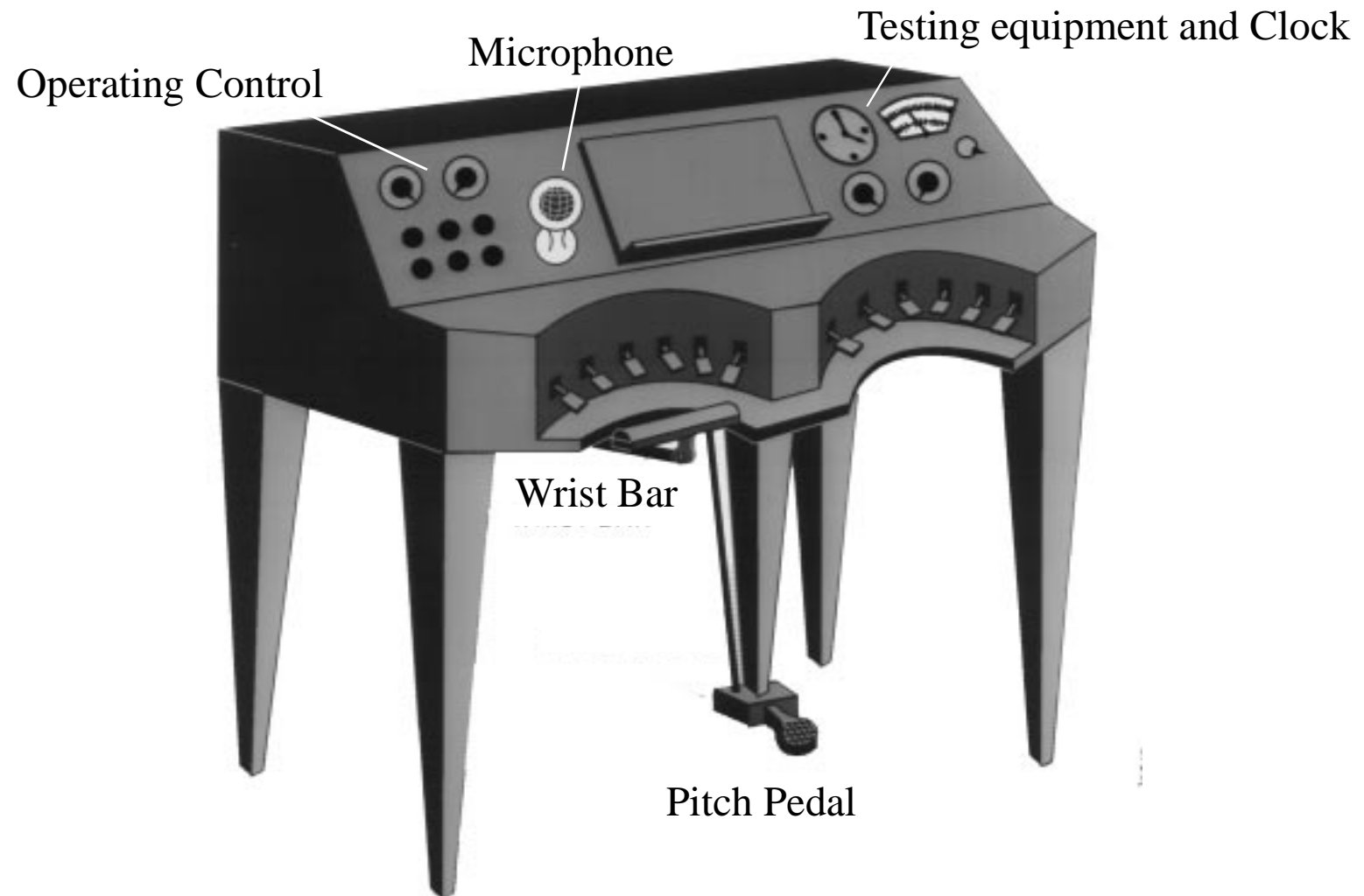
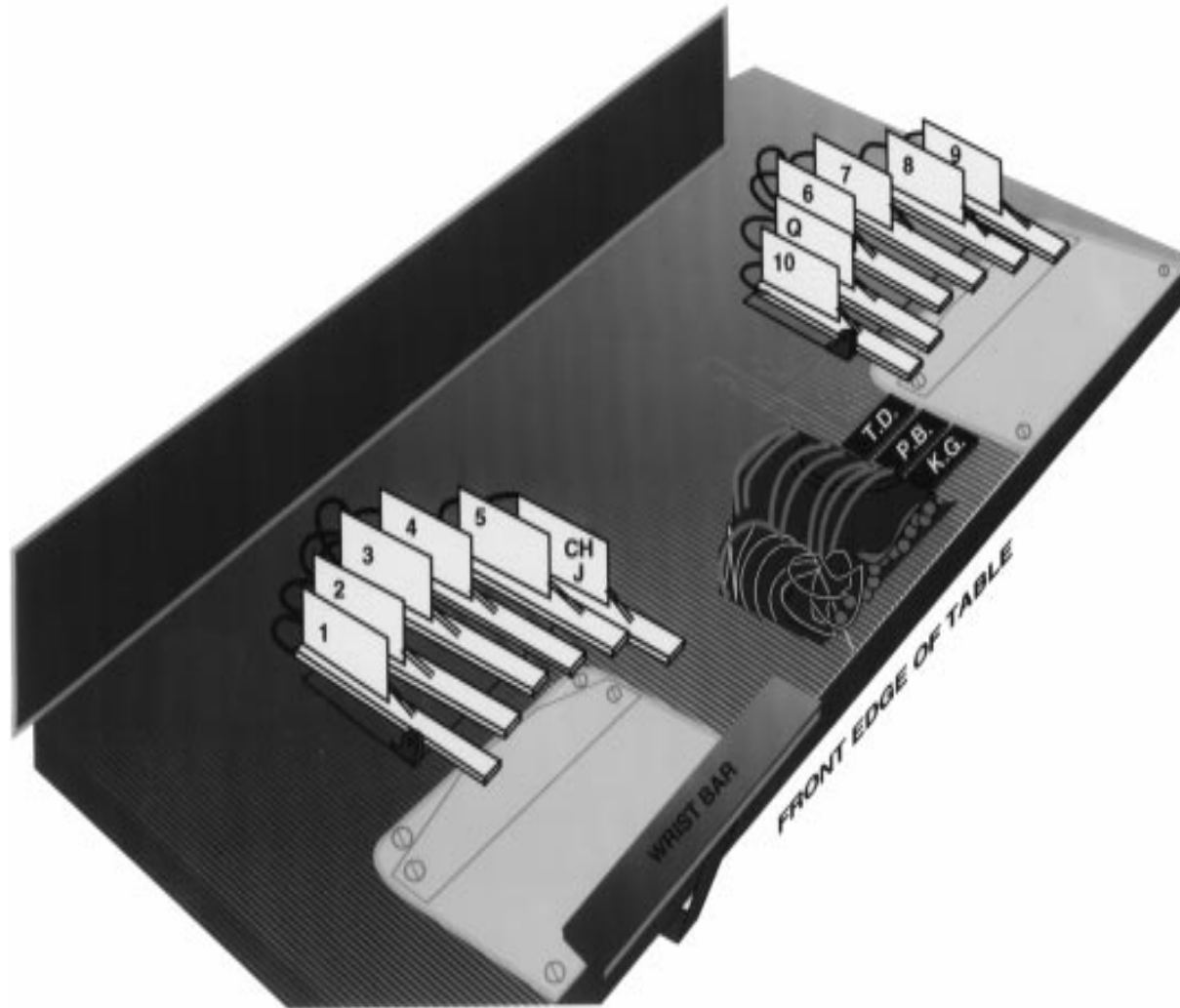
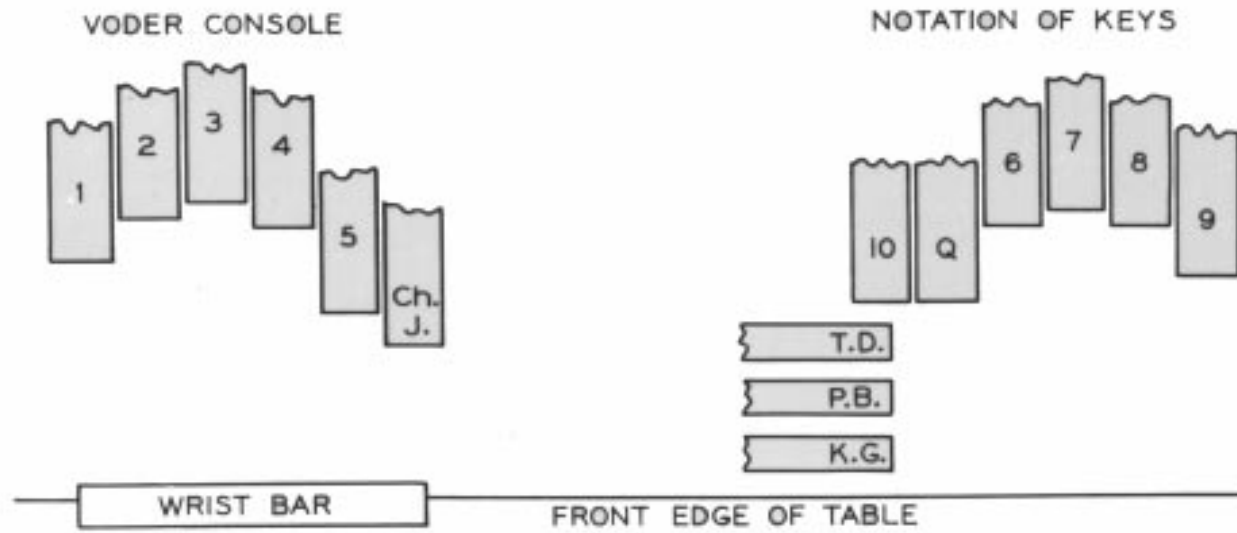


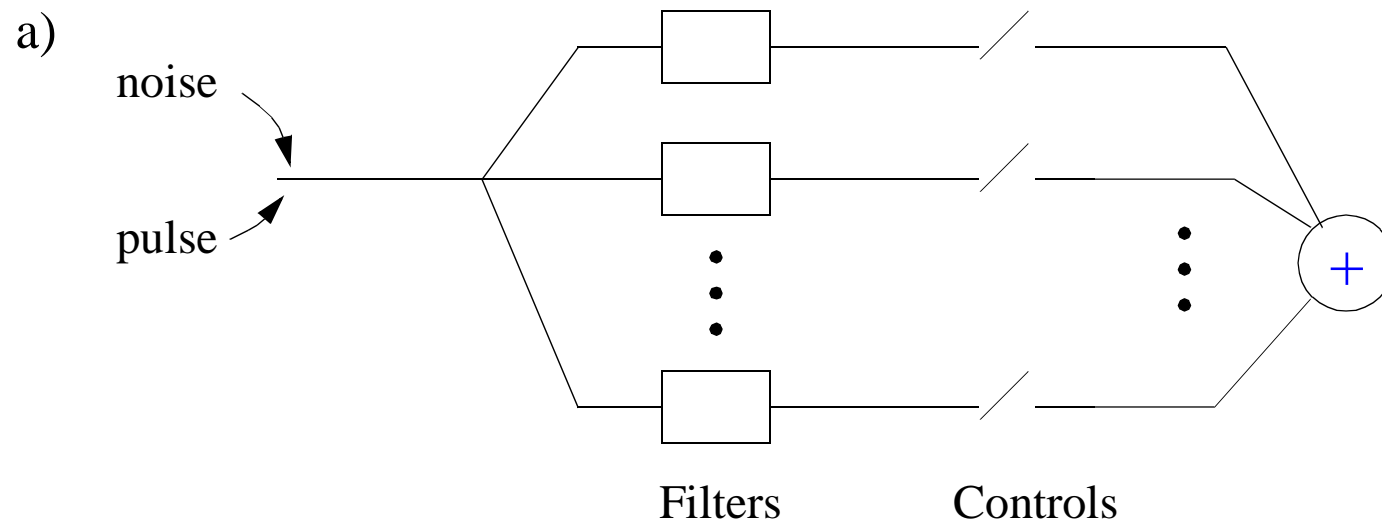
Figure 2.4 : The Voder



Voder Console

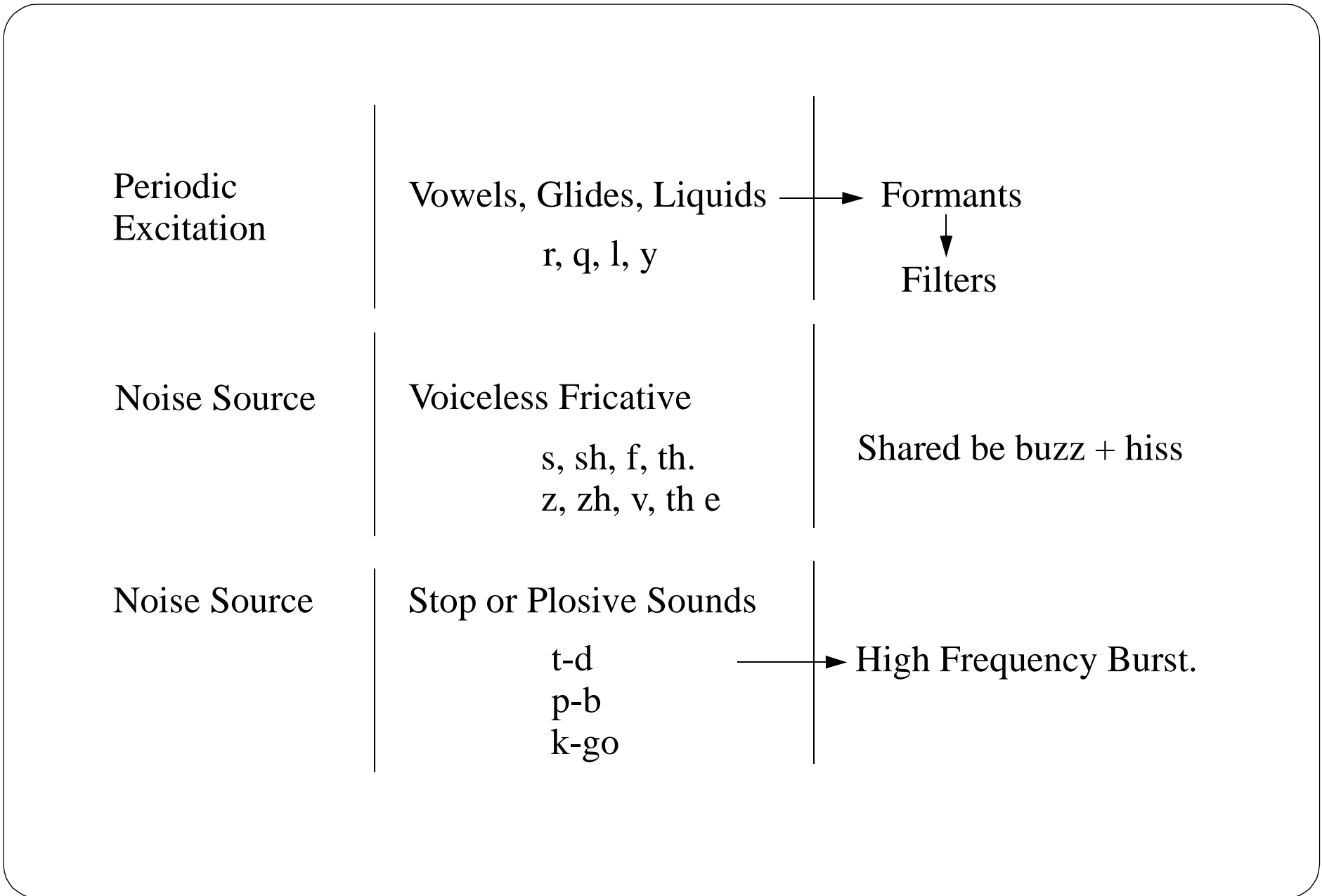






All Sounds were produced from this configuration.

Nasals were produced by key switching on the low filters.



Sounds

S  
Sh  
M  
ē (seen)  
aw (dawn)

Wrist Bar

up  
up  
down  
down  
down

Keys

9.  
7.8. Light & Smooth  
1.  
1.8.  
3.

She saw me.  
See me seesaw.

WORDS  
written.

Think of how they are pronounced, not how they are

Cease  
Me

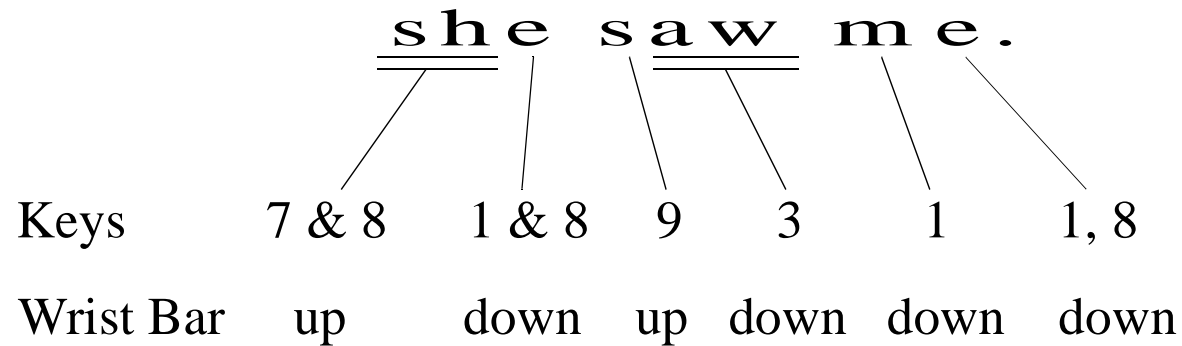
Sauce  
Saw

See  
Seesaw

She

Figure 2.6 : Lesson 1 of Voder Instructions

## Simple Example



Lesson 1  
of  
Voder Instruction

## Exercises

Do the Voder Program for “ See me Seesaw ”.

Do the Voder Program for “ Shake it off ”.

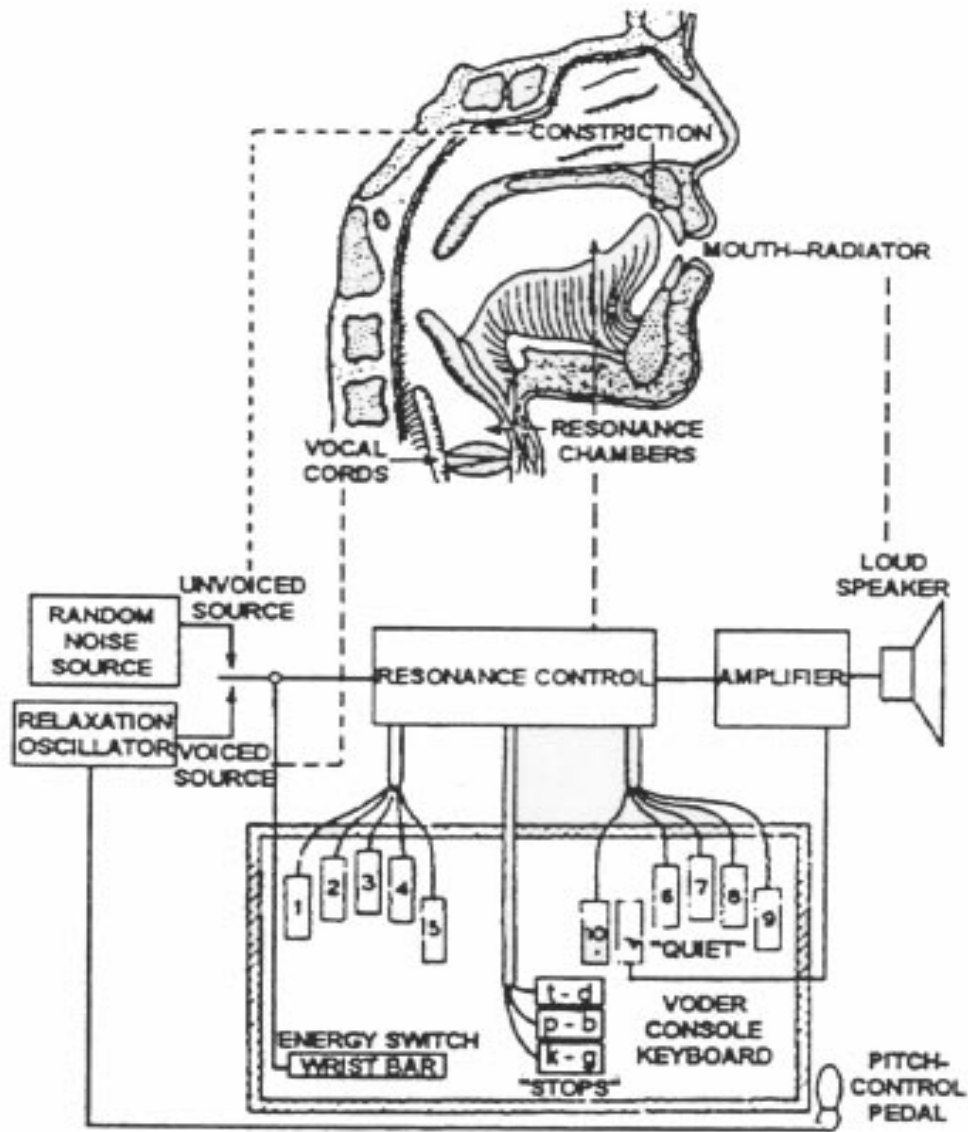
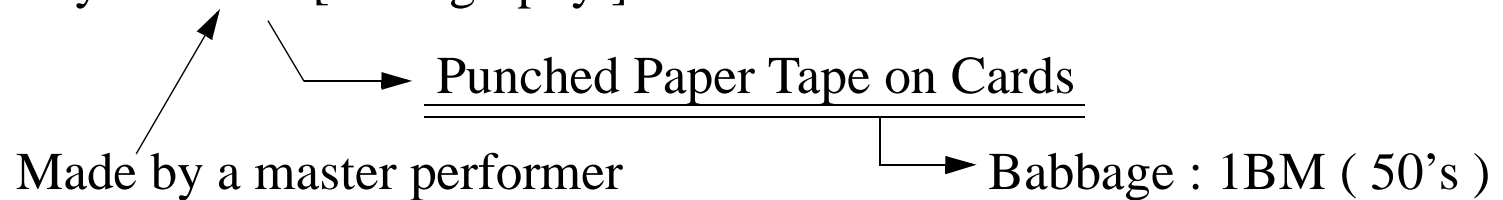


Figure 2.5 : Voder Controls

## Music Machine

1. Barrel Organs [ Pure Synthesis - no Analysis ]  
(Music Boxes)

2. Player Pianos [ melography ]



Note : Player pianos were very popular about a century ago.

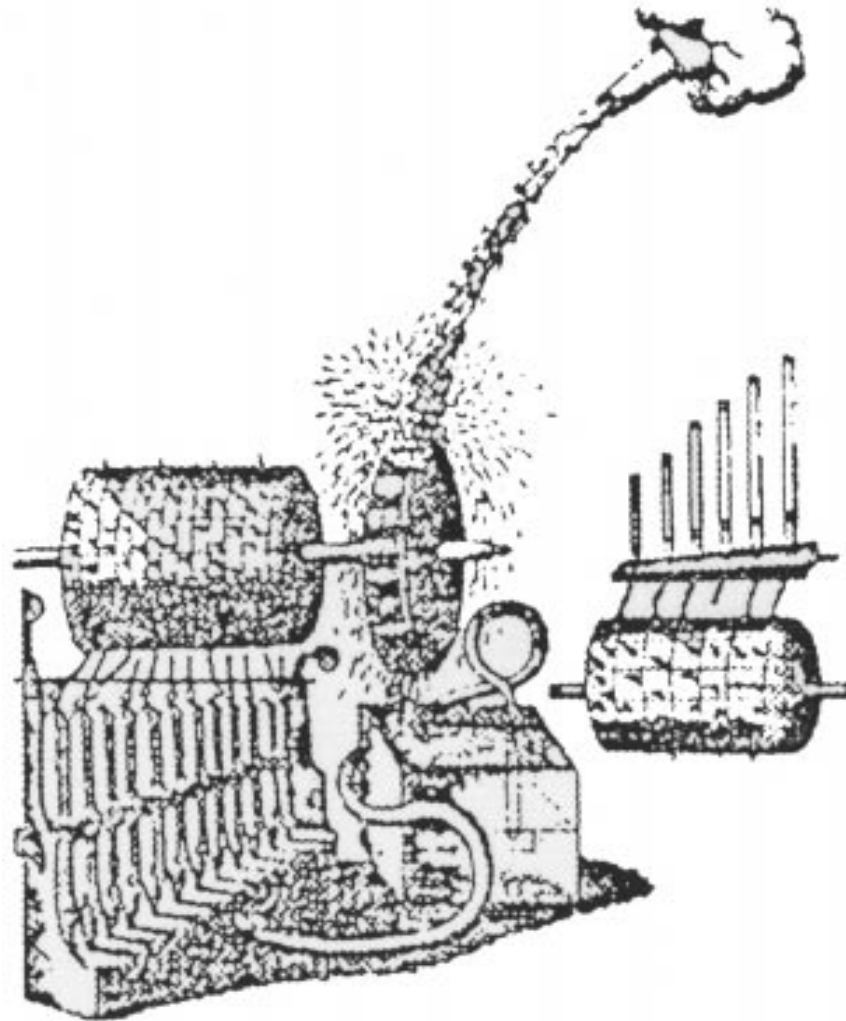


Figure 2.9 : Seventeenth-Century Drawing of a Water-Powered Barrel Organ.



## Alvin Fu's Bosendorfer

Alvin wanted to enhance an old piano roll by Rachmoninoff by using it to control the Bosendorfer.

**Telharmonium** → Additive Synthesis



Still used in both Speech and Music.

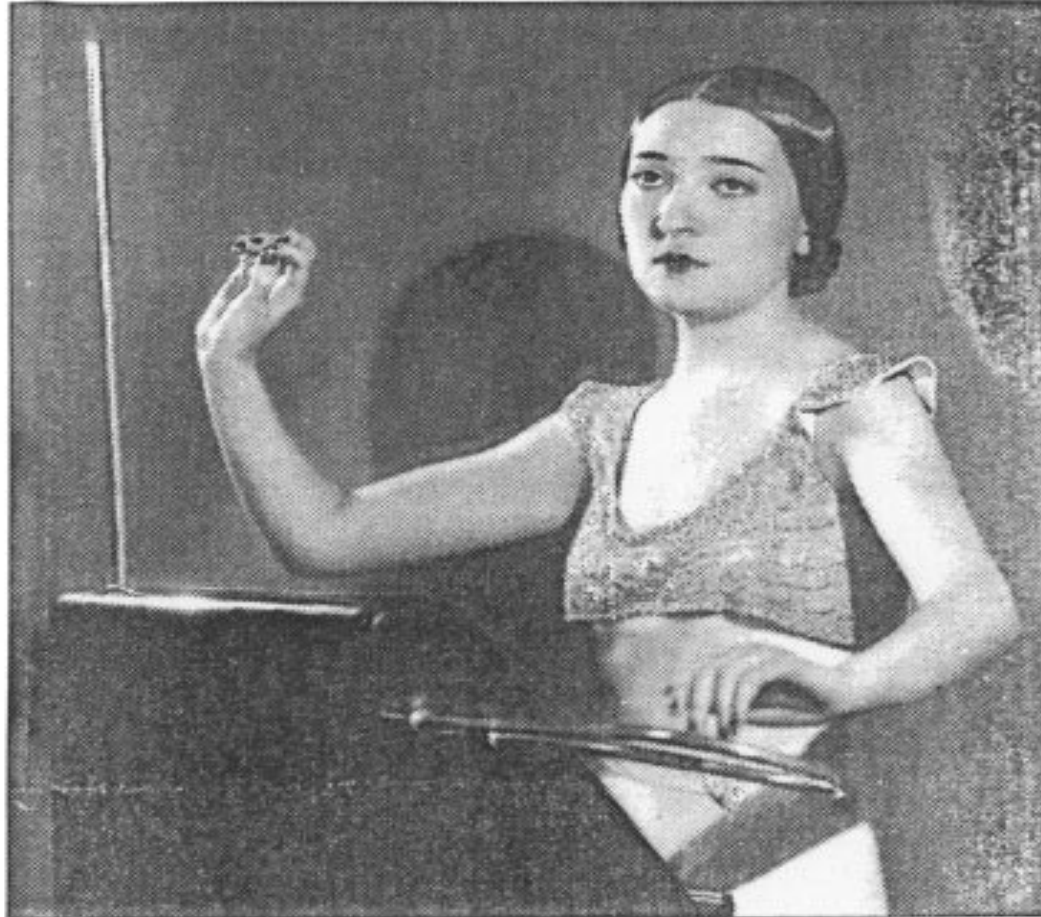
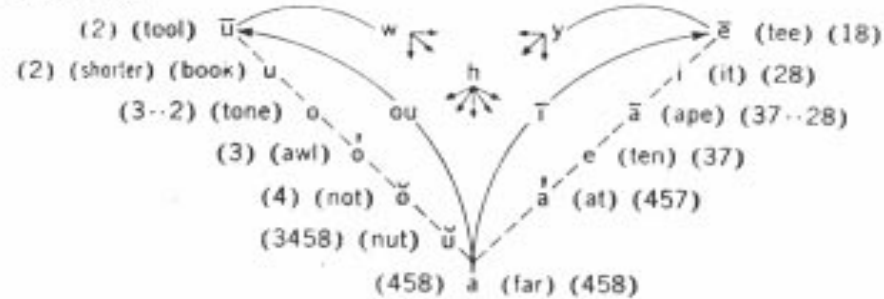


Figure 2.10 : Clara Rockmore at the Theremin.

# Classification of the Speech Sounds

## 1. Vowels



## 2. Combinational and Transitional Sounds

w·y·ou·ī h·ā (pay)·ō·(woe)

## 3. Semi Vowels

Initial l (268) final l (2)  
 Initial r (256) final r (36)

## 4. Stop Consonants

Voiced		Unvoiced		Nasalized	Formation of Stop
(BK2)	b	(BK2)	p	m (1)	lip against lip
(BK3)	d	(BK3)	t	n (1)	tongue against teeth
(789)	j	(789)	ch	—	tongue against hard palate
(BK1)	g	(BK1)	k	ng(18-1)	tongue against soft palate

## 5. Fricative Consonants

Voiced		Unvoiced		Formation of Air Outlet
(67Q)	v	f (67Q)		lip to teeth
(9)	z	s (9)		teeth to teeth
(10Q)	th (then)	th (thin) (10Q)		tongue to teeth
(789)	zh (azure)	sh (78)		tongue to hard palate

(Numbers in parentheses indicate key designations on VODER console)

## Voder Demo

20 separate sounds.

She saw me. - She saw me. - She saw me. - She saw me.

Greetings everybody

<u>G</u>	<u>r</u>	<u>ee</u>	<u>t</u>	<u>i</u>	<u>ng</u>	<u>s</u>
BK1	2, 5, 6	1, 8	13, k, 3	2, 8	18, 1	9

high pitch

low pitch

Mary had a little lamb.

Ha Ha Ha

Yes, I feel very old.

} Speech transformations

1. 0 - 300
2. 300 - 600
3. 600 - 900
4. 900 - 1200
5. 1200 - 1500
6. 1500 - 1800
7. 1800 - 2100
8. 2100 - 2400
9. 2400 - 2700
10. 2700 - 3000

} Telephone Band

Vowel Vibrator

Singing

Concentration - 13 Sounds - 5 Wrist bar

1 Year of constant practice

Foreign Speech - Parlez vous francais.

Cow, Pig, Alphabet

Practical Applications